

ALL MIXED UP.

Tariff Tinkers Asking "Where Are We At?"

The Election Has Its Effect on the Ways and Means Committee.

A Stormy Meeting of Four of the Members at the Arlington Hotel Prospects of a Bill Being Reported Before the First Day of January Next.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.—The big four of the democratic majority on the ways and means committee held a long and exciting session Friday night at the Arlington hotel in the room of one of the quartet, Chairman Wilson, of Virginia; Clifton B. Brinkley, of Arkansas; Wm. D. Byrnes, of Indiana, and Moses T. Stevens, of Massachusetts, were the four to put their heads together and try to straighten out the difficulties that have arisen in the pathway of the committee in the preparation of their new tariff bill.

The four members remained at the Arlington until a late hour Saturday morning, and so great were the problems tried to solve that they were finally obliged to give them up and adjourn until another date.

The trouble is that the elections have had their effect upon the democratic members of the ways and means committee, and they are all torn up and at war with each other in regard to the revision of the tariff.

It can be stated on the authority of one of the big four that the committee will not have the tariff bill ready by the 1st of December, as expected, and that congress will be in session many days again before the ways and means committee will be ready to report. In fact, it is said that January 1 will come up and before the democratic tariff bill is in shape to be presented to the house, the elections will have taken place.

Wilson before the elections thought his committee in full accord with him and the bill drawn up and presented by the administration.

Indeed, so great was the discontent and positive refusal to accept the tariff bill that the big four got together and made haste Friday night to get it smoothed out things, but even in the quietest there was difference of opinion and little progress was made.

It was the intention of Chairman Wilson now to prepare an ultra bill which will be forced through the house if possible, and to go to the senate with it.

It is acknowledged that when the tariff bill reaches the senate it will be so changed and altered that it will be of no use to the house, and will be recognized. This point is being used by the free trade members of the committee to placate their opponents and to get them to agree to the administration bill.

There is a great doubt in the minds of the democratic members of the ways and means committee as to whether the bill in the house. A few members of congress who have returned to Washington are taking pains to get the tariff bill in regard to the tariff from what they did before the elections.

The revolt of some of the strongest and most prominent members of the committee is exceedingly uneasy, and what is further strengthening the kickers is the appearance here just now of large delegations representing the farmers, who are protesting and fighting against any reduction whatever. Each day brings new delegations of farmers, who are protesting and fighting against any reduction whatever.

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The senator declares that if about the time President Cleveland was inaugurated he had announced his intention to resign, he would have been a great disappointment to the country. The senator says that he would have been a great disappointment to the country.

Prof. W. J. Shoup, Ind., Nov. 13.—Prof. W. J. Shoup, member of Senate House, of Ohio, and for twenty years past a member of the Ohio House of Representatives, died Saturday morning. He was the author of several law books.

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THE QUEEN

To Be Replaced on the Hawaiian Throne—The United States Takes Important Action.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.—Secretary Gresham has given out a letter which he addressed to the president concerning Hawaiian affairs. In his letter he reviews the history of the overthrow of the royal dynasty, the recognition of the new government on the part of our minister, Mr. Stevens, and the conduct of Liliuokalani subsequently.

In the absence of any information except that derivable by inference from Secretary Gresham's report to the president as to what instructions have been given to Minister Willis and Adams, there is a wide field for speculation opened as to the means which, in all probability, have by this time been used to "restore the legitimate government" in Hawaii, and thus "repar the wrong done to a feeble but independent state by an abuse of the authority of the United States."

In Secretary Gresham's synopsis of Commissioner Blount's report he says: "Blount states that while at Honolulu he did not meet a single person who expressed willingness to submit the question to a vote of the people, and to let the people decide whether they wished to remain a part of the United States or to become an independent state."

Blount also states that he did not meet a single person who expressed willingness to submit the question to a vote of the people, and to let the people decide whether they wished to remain a part of the United States or to become an independent state.

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